

Best Practice 1. Maintenance of Toilet Complex:

Personal hygiene and sanitation are the most important components to promote quality life and good health. Sanitation refers to the safe collection, treatment and disposal of human wastes such as urine and faeces. Moreh College tries to improve sanitation facilities in the college campus by providing standard toilets and latrine that flushes into septic tanks. The college aims at providing the safest and the cleanest toilet system than other colleges of Manipur. As a result, the college is providing **62** numbers of toilet rooms which are distributed in all blocks of the college. Supply of water is done through pipe system collected from natural and perennial source of water located inside the college campus itself. Natural hillock is the source of perennial water which is collected into a small spring that lies inside the campus. This water is distributed to all blocks through fitted pipes by means of a pumping set.

Rain water harvesting is also done in the administrative block that can fill two reservoirs with a total capacity of **73762.08** cubic liters as the monsoon rain is plenty in this region. Hence, failure of toilet system due to scarcity of water in the college does not arise.

Five reservoir tanks are installed at different locations with a total capacity of **142342.48** cubic liters.

Estimating daily per capita water consumption at 30 liters per individual the total consumption stands at 19830 liters (30 ltrs x 661 persons). If the college has to demand water from outside sources the daily expenditure could be Rs. 5,949/day @ Rs. 300 per 1000 thousand liters (existing local rate).

In a month the college could spend a total of Rs. 1,54,674/- (Rs. 5949 x 26 working days).

Then annual expenditure on water consumption could be Rs. 1,70,14,144/- (Rs. 1,54,674 x 11 months).

Best Practice 2.

College Transport System:

Moreh College provides a thirty two seated bus service which ply from the college to Indo-Myanmar friendship gate via Moreh town.

BENEFITS OF COLLEGE TRANSPORT SYSTEM TO THE STUDENTS

- It serves to and fro three times a day and ferry around 90 (Ninety) students in different time schedules.
- Considering the economic hardship faced by the student's community, the college charge a minimal transport fees of Rs. 250*/month from the transported students.
- Other means of transport system to reach the college campus is on private auto-rickshaw service which charges Rs. 40 per trip.

COST SAVING BY EACH STUDENT BENEFICIARIES

- If a student has to reach the college campus and return back home the students has to spend a minimum of Rs. 80/day thus spends a total of Rs. 2,080/month (Rs. 80 x 26 days)
- Thus, the college transport system can save Rs. 1,830 per each student every month (Rs. 2,080 – Rs. 250*)
- In an academic year a student beneficiary can save Rs. 20,130 per annum (Rs. 1,830 x 11 months)
- In total 90 beneficiary can save an amount of Rs. 18,11,700 (Eighteen Lakhs Eleven Thousand Seven Hundred only) per annum. (Rs. 20,130 x 90 students)